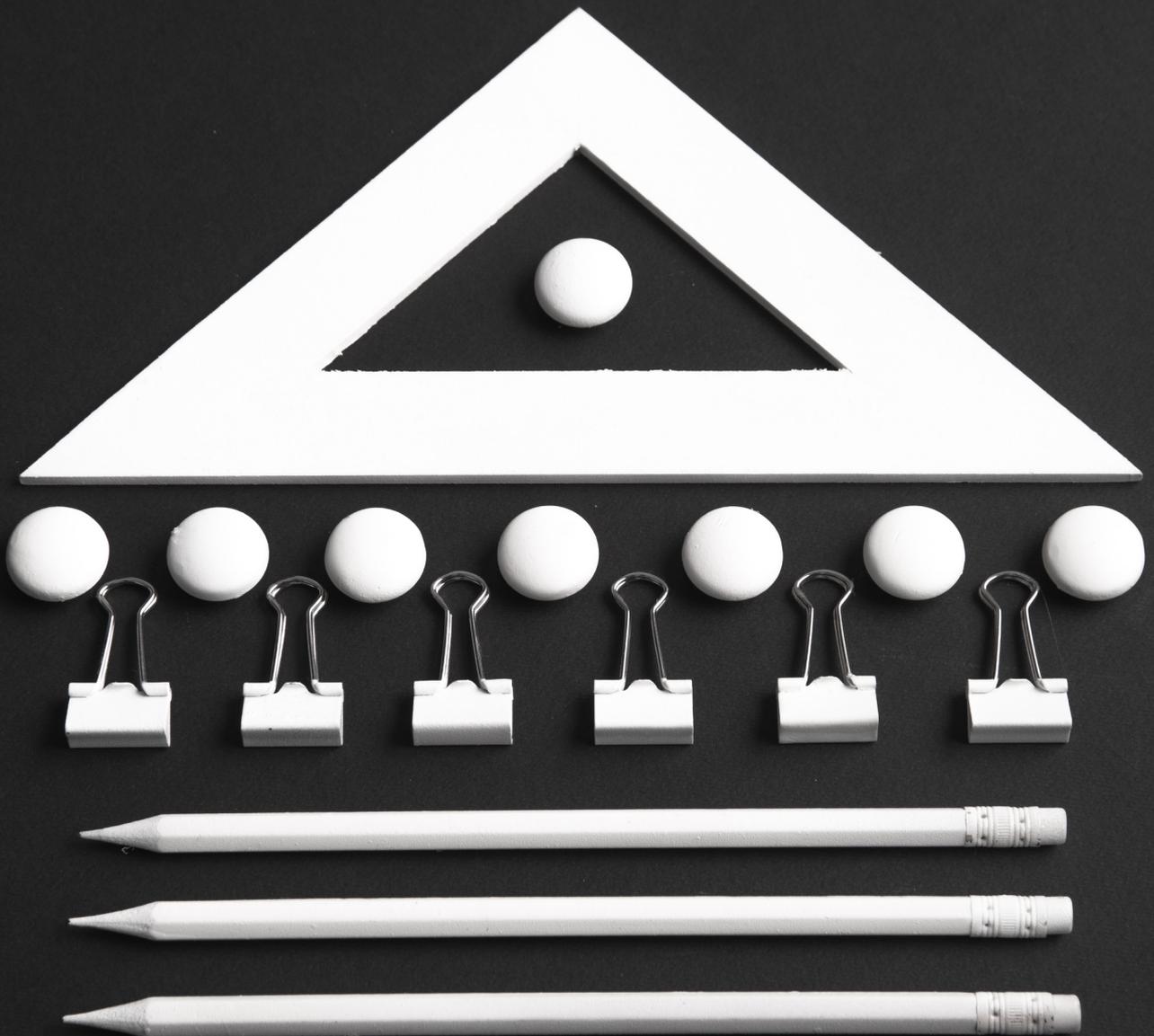




Knowledge Management Maturity in Corporates :

From Assessment to Adaptive Intelligence



Introduction:

Knowledge within organizations has two main different types which are explicit knowledge that can be codified and communicated easily such as standard operating procedures, employee handbooks, and HR policies. The other type of knowledge is tacit which is harder to capture than explicit knowledge. It comprises the skills and experience of employees that is difficult to explain or share with others such as customer support know-how and innovative product design skills.

Knowledge Management Maturity (KM Maturity) refers to the extent to which an organization has developed, institutionalized, and optimized its ability to systematically capture, share, and apply knowledge to achieve strategic goals. Knowledge Management Maturity essentially a progression scale that shows how far a company has come in embedding knowledge management into its culture, processes, and technologies.

Knowledge Management is the process of making the knowledge available for everyone in a team of employees, instead of having it reside in the head(s) of one or few of them. A corporate can more easily achieve its objectives by making better use of the knowledge that resides within its industry by developing a culture of continuous learning and allowing knowledge to flow freely throughout its different internal channels.

Knowledge Management includes necessary systems and tools for creating effective KM processes. It is a combination of people, processes and tools.

According to International Organization for Standardization (ISO), "Knowledge work is increasingly important in many societies and organizations. Many economies aspire to become knowledge economies, where knowledge is the main source of wealth. In this context, knowledge becomes a core asset for organizations. Knowledge is especially important in many areas: it allows effective decisions to be made, supports the efficiency of processes and contributes to their enhancement, creates resilience and adaptability, creates competitive advantage and may even become a product in its own right". (ISO 30401, 2018). For this purpose, ISO has developed the standard: ISO 30401, 2018 and its amendments of 2022 and 2024.

This document "sets requirements and provides guidelines for establishing, implementing, maintaining, reviewing and improving an effective management system for knowledge management in organizations. All the requirements of this document are applicable to any organization, regardless of its type or size, or the products and services it provides".

Knowledge Management Maturity is a roadmap of how capable an organization is in treating knowledge as a strategic asset—moving from fragmented practices to a fully integrated system where knowledge fuels performance, innovation, and long-term sustainability. In an era defined by accelerating disruption, knowledge is not simply power—it is the lifeblood of organizational adaptability. For corporates in the Gulf region—steeped in rapid modernization and visionary economic transformation—the ability to assess, evolve, and institutionalize knowledge management (KM) is the difference between transient success and enduring excellence.

Assessing Knowledge Management Maturity: The Starting Point:

The first critical step in elevating Knowledge Management maturity is rigorous assessment. Corporates often leap into solutions—platforms, AI, process redesign—before understanding their true starting position. A KM maturity assessment in firms should evaluate three dimensions:

1) Processes & Infrastructure:

Are knowledge capture and dissemination mechanisms formalized? Do repositories exist in silos or across business units? Is analytics applied to collaboration efficacy, akin to the “collaborate smarter, not harder” approach that identifies collaboration overload through data? (Cross, Davenport, & Gray, 2019)

2) Cultural Readiness:

Is knowledge treated as a shared asset or individual possession? Do leaders encourage cross-boundary sharing or unconsciously reinforce siloes?

3) Strategic Alignment:

Does KM link to broader strategic priorities—innovation, inclusion, AI-driven decision support—or remain a standalone initiative?

Through a structured KM maturity model, organizations can pinpoint where they stand: **Fragmented, Structured, or Embedded & Adaptive.**

Continuous Improvement: Stoking the KM Engine:

Once assessed, the path forward lies in disciplined, iterative improvement. Here corporations can draw from several insights:

1) Leverage AI and Intelligent Architectures for Knowledge Flow:

The shift from building models to enabling better decisions—typified by MIT Sloan’s concept of Intelligent Choice Architectures (ICAs)—suggests that firms can move beyond static KM repositories toward systems that co-construct decisions (Schrage & Kiron, 2025). Embedding AI not merely as a tool but as a collaborator transforms KM from passive storage into dynamic decision environments.

2) Balance Innovation with Imitation:

Not every knowledge initiative needs to be tailor-made from scratch. Firms should adopt a strategic lens: innovate when the competitive advantage demands it; imitate when maturity calls for proven practices (Csaszar, Karp, & Roche, 2025). For example, Gulf corporates may benchmark knowledge-sharing communities of practice from global counterparts, then tailor for local cultural nuance.

3) Distribute Leadership in KM and AI:

AI and knowledge platforms should not be owned by a sole champion. As HBR highlights, “Your AI strategy needs more than a single leader” (Winsor, Stave, & Kurt, 2025). Similarly, KM transformation in the Gulf corporates should involve a coalition: line executives, HR, IT, strategy, and business-unit knowledge champions.

Organizational Change: From Frameworks to Living Systems:

Change management is the linchpin in advancing KM maturity. Three leverages stand out:

1) Adaptive Leadership Styles

As leaders ascend, their established leadership styles may falter in new roles (Chhaya, 2025). Gulf corporate leaders must cultivate adaptive leadership—flexing between directive and collaborative approaches—to model the knowledge-sharing behaviors they expect.

2) Harness Age-Diverse Inclusion

Age inclusion offers strategic advantage (Schurman & Wong, 2025). Diverse generational perspectives in organizations enrich KM by combining institutional domain wisdom with digital-native agility. Programs like reverse mentoring or cross-generational communities of practice can bolster KM adoption and innovation.

3) Embed KM into Strategy, Not as Overhead

Knowledge management must be woven into strategic priorities—innovation, AI, decision agility—not treated as an ancillary function. When **knowledge becomes the infrastructure of strategic execution, maturity accelerates.**

Gulf-Region Context: A State as A Strategic Accelerator:

Gulf corporates are uniquely positioned to fast-track KM maturity through:

1) Vision-driven transformation:

Institutional alignment behind national agendas (e.g., Qatar Vision 2030, Saudi Arabia 2030, UAE 2031, Kuwait 2035 and Oman 2040) unlocks executive support and resource mobilization.

2) Digital infrastructure investments:

Widespread adoption of smart platforms and analytics capabilities by the Gulf governments will support the technical bedrock for ICAs and KM systems in corporates.

3) Cultural respect for knowledge and legacy:

Navigating between traditional information hierarchies and modern collaborative norms in Gulf corporates can yield thoughtful KM change strategies sensitive to local values.

A Gulf corporate might start by conducting a maturity assessment, then pilot an ICA-infused decision support system in supply chain. If cross-functional pilots reveal friction, they could deploy design-thinking to refine collaboration processes. Leadership could sponsor reverse mentoring pairing senior experts with younger digital advocates to cultivate age-inclusion dynamics. Over time, these interventions bundle into a living KM ecosystem—integrated into how decisions are made, knowledge circulates, and innovation unfolds.

ARAMCO Young Leaders Advisory Board: A Success Story in Effective Knowledge Management in Gulf National Corporates:

Aramco's YLAB is a standout example of knowledge management in action in national corporates—particularly in capturing generational wisdom and embedding it into strategy. By creating structured, impactful pathways for youth engagement, Aramco ensures its future strategy is informed by those who will shape it. (Aramco YLAB)

YLAB serves as a formal bridge between Aramco's young talent and its highest leadership levels—providing direct access to the CEO and Group Strategy Committee (GSC). Through this structure, bold insights, fresh perspectives, and innovative ideas gain real traction within the company's strategic planning.

In 2024, YLAB expanded its impact, engaging over 15,600 Saudi young professionals, delivering more than 20 advisory services, and conducting four in-depth studies. It even supported external organizations in establishing their own youth engagement bodies.

Aramco's YLAB exemplifies effective knowledge management in the largest Saudi national company by fulfilling the following four critical roles:

1) Institutionalizing an Inclusive Voice:

It elevates youth perspectives into executive discourse with the company, ensuring decision-making benefits from frontline and emerging talent input.

2) Structured Engagement, Ongoing Dialogue:

Regular forums (physical and virtual) maintain continual two-way exchanges—harnessing fresh ideas and building trust over time.

3) Scalable Reach and Measurable Contribution:

Metrics—like thousands engaged, dozens of studies delivered, and youth-generated ideas filed as patents—highlight both quantitative and qualitative success of this board in knowledge management in Aramco.

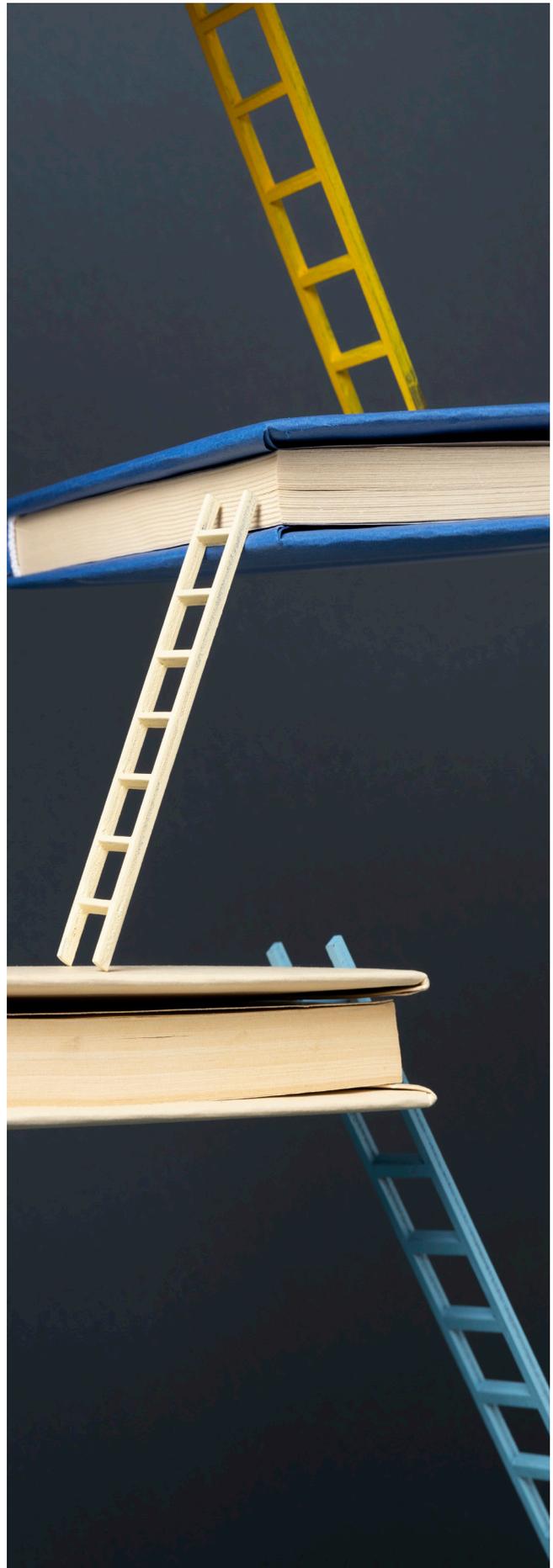
4) Driving Cultural Transformation in Aramco:

By empowering youth and embedding their input across strategy, YLAB reinforces agility, innovation, and inclusive leadership as cultural norms in Aramco.

Conclusion:

As Gulf-region corporates move from fragmented knowledge ecosystems to adaptive, AI-augmented maturity, they open the door to more resilient innovation, strategic agility, and sustained differentiation. The journey—from assessment through improvement to cultural embedding—is complex but navigable with structured frameworks, empathy-led experimentation, inclusive leadership, and emerging technologies.

If you are looking for a trusted strategic partner to guide such a transformation: from conducting customized knowledge management maturity assessments, to designing smart selection structures, to developing a comprehensive knowledge culture, we at Badael Business Solutions are ready to support the public sector and companies in managing knowledge effectively and efficiently.



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